Effective ADVERTISING

Creating ads that drive results for your advertisers



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CLEAR MESSAGE

The customer, account manager and designer all need to have a clear understanding of what an ad's purpose is to get an effective ad published. Establish what exactly the customer is trying to accomplish, as well as what they expect to happen as a result of the ad. The message should clearly address the advertiser's Key Marketing Challenge. If the customer cannot clearly communicate what the main point is, the reader isn't going to understand it ether. **Readers should be able to get the basic concept of an ad in one second or less; if it takes any longer to see the purpose of the ad, they will move on before fully understanding what is being sold.**

Resist the temptation to say everything in one ad. Research supports communicating one idea, clearly, is more effective than several messages together.

THREE MAIN SELLING APPROACHES

Practical



Beneficial



Emotional



3

TARGET AUDIENCE

The style of an ad (front choice and size, color schemes, image choice, wording) varies heavily depending on the audience it is targeted to. The more specific a target audience, the more specific the design and layout can be geared towards that reader demographic. Your target audience should be determined during the customer consolation, and should be in line with the Key Marketing Challenge. Know what they like. Know what they dislike. And most importantly, have insight into what makes them tick.

HEADLINES

Your ad can have the best offer in the world but if the reader never sees it, the ad won't get results. Five times more people read a headline over body copy. So the headline needs to grab the reader's attention and pique their interest so they will read the rest of the message. The best headlines are focused on the customer and what's in it for them, not the business and its features.

A HEADLINE HAS FOUR VERY IMPORTANT JOBS:

- **1.** Get attention
- 2. Select and audience
- **3.** Deliver a complete message
- **4.** Draw the reader in to the body copy



FLAGGING ATTENTION WITH A HEADLINE:

APPEAL TO THE READER'S SELF INTEREST - PROVIDING SOLUTIONS TO "WHAT'S IN IT FOR ME?"

Ask a Question

How many cavities is "too many"?

State the Benefits

Fewer cavities. Guaranteed.

Tell Them "How To"

Spend Less Time at the Dentist's Office

Use a Number

6 Ways to Get Fewer Cavities

Use the Product or Service Name Dr. James fights cavities for you!

GENERATE CURIOSITY - HAVE FUN WITH IT!

Word Play, Alliterations, Take-OffsMeat the Grill of Your Dreams

Outrageous ClaimWould YOU pay \$8.99 for eggs?

Outrageous Claim Would YOU pay \$8.99 for eggs?

USE SUBHEADS WHEN NECESSARY

Your headline hooks readers while your subhead reels them.A Better Tomorrow Starts Today: Become an Avon Representative

GIVE YOUR READER SOME NEWS - USE FACTS WHEN POSSIBLE

Tell Something They Don't Know New or improved product Introducing...Announcing...Now...New

Share the Reasons 10 Reasons Why Coldwell Banker is #1 **Announcements**Moving Sale - This Weekend Only

Unique Selling PropositionCarson's Only All-Natural, All-Organic Pet
Supply Store

National News Lexus Named Car and Driver's Top Safety Choice

HEADLINES

TELL MORE, SELL MORE

As headlines grow, readership scores sink, However, while shorter headlines can be punchier and easier to read, shorter is only better if they are precise and clearly tell the message. A headline must stand entirely on its own merit, without the reader being forced to read on to discover its meaning. If a subhead is needed to paint a clearer picture, use one.

TARGET EMOTIONS

PEOPLE BUY BECAUSE OF EMOTION AND JUSTIFY WITH LOGIC.

It is the advertiser's job to understand the underlying desires that motivate their prospects. Headlines should contain a leading benefit that triggers a level of excitement in the reader.

SEVEN COMMON EMOTIONAL APPEALS:

Make More Money

Win \$100 shopping spree!

Save Money

Save 35% On Your Next Vacation

Save Time

Oil change in 30 minutes or less, guaranteed!

Avoid Effort

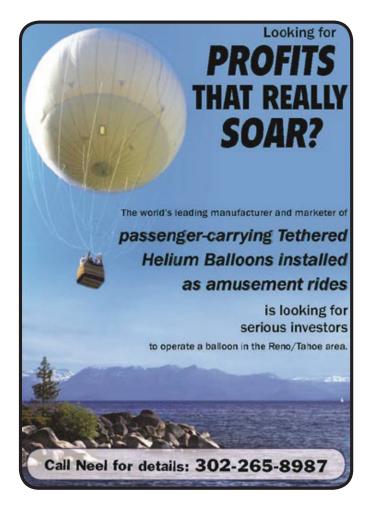
Relax. We've got you covered

Gain Knowledge

Become a Digital Marketing Master

Be More Successful

Don't let asthma hold you back.



Avoid Loss

Is your home safe from wildfire?

BE CONVERSATIONAL

Writing headlines in the first person speaks directly to the reader and engages them directly. Using contractions (that's, it's we're, can't) helps keep the headline informal and makes the reader feel like it's personal.

INCENTIVE

GIVING THE READER A REASON TO RESPOND

The role of an incentive is to motivate and engage readers to drive intended results for the business. This typically consists of some type of offer toe help motivate the reader to react. The better the offer, the more likely the ad is to get a response. Newspaper advertising is direct-result advertising; readers are looking for an offer to act on that interests them. When determining what type of incentive is best for the business, keep in mind that goods are worth more than dollars. Meaning, it's better to offer "free cookies with purchase of cake" than offer "\$2 off your cake purchase." This keeps them thinking about the business and what they gain from it, and see it as a "bonus"in stead of a cost.



WHAT'S THE PRICE?

Including a price point shows the reader the product's value. If no price point is listed, readers can automatically become suspicious and assume it is expensive. When applicable, including a price point in an advertisement not only informs the reader but it tells the reader that there is no hidden agenda; the advertiser understands the value of the product and is willing to showcase it. A price point also minimizes the number of steps the reader has to take before making a purchasing decision.

CALL TO ACTION

DOES THE AD TELL THE READER TO DO SOMETHING?

People need to be told what the next steps should be. Make sure the response path is perfectly clear. If your customer wants readers to walk through the door, focus on the location of the business (address, landmarks, "next to..."). If your customer wants readers to call, give them a reason to call and make the phone number larger ("make your reservations today").

Including a sense of urgency is what makes readers respond today instead of putting it on their 'to do' list. Key phrases like limited time only, hurry in for best selection, don't miss this help create that sense of urgency that encourages readers to respond right now instead of later.

BRANDING VS. CALL TO ACTION

BRANDING ADS

Branding ads get a customer's name in the public eye and builds recognition. Why should readers choose your customer's business over others during non-peak times? Branding ads are ideal for any service-type business that people contact when they are needed, but not otherwise (such as a plumbing business or architect).



CALL TO ACTION ADS

Call to Action ads promote specific products to entice action and produce immediate, measurable results. Why should customers act now?

NOTE: You do not need to have a sale or specific event going on to include a call to action. Branding ads can, and should, include a message that encourages the reader to act.

Visit our website and learn now we can save you money



50/50

The top 50% of any ad should be devoted to the reader (e.g., benefits headline, eye-catching image, offer). The bottom 50% is devoted to the business (offer details, supporting copy, logo, contact information). When readers look at you ad what do they see first? Research indicates that readers typically look at:

- 1.VISUAL
- 2.CAPTION
- 3.HEADLINE
- **4.**COPY
- **5.**SIGNATURE

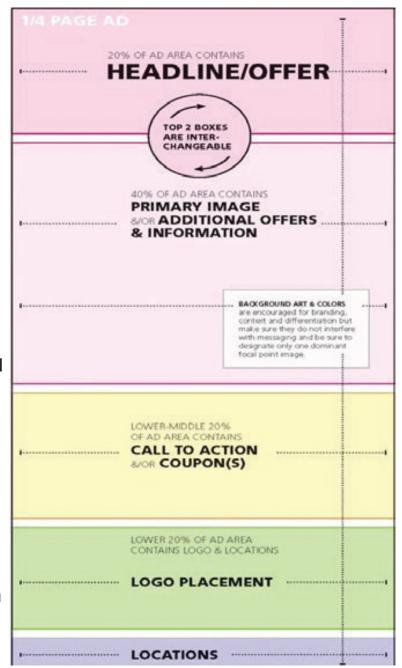
In that order. The Ogilvy Layout, based on advertising expert David Ogilvy's tried and true advertising layouts, follows this simple concept

CONTRAST

Contrast is what allows the message to stand out and be absorbed by the reader. Resting space or whites pace (also known as negative space), gives the reader's eyes a place to linker as they absorb the message. White space is used to avoid encouraging readers to leave the ad completely. By giving a reader resting space, greater attention is drawn to the ad.

IMAGES

People retain information communicated visually up to six times greater than words alone. Selecting the right image to tell the story is critical to grabbing the reader and getting them to engage in the message. Studies have shown that an ad with an image that takes up to 50% or more of the ad space increases readership by as much as 37%.





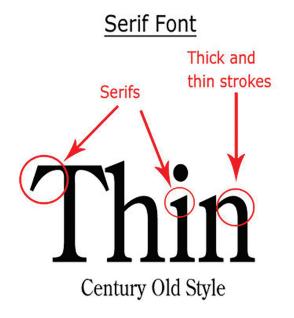
REVERSE TYPE

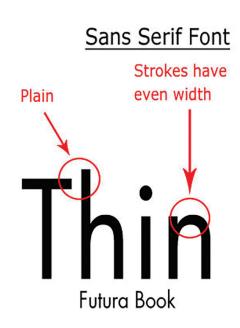
Reverse type is used by graphic designers to improve the design of a printed page. However, building advertisements in full reverse type is difficult on the reader's eyes and drastically reduces readability. Advertising expert David Ogilvy stated advertising copy should never be set in reverse type. Colin Wheildon tested this statement; here are his results for serif type printed in reverse compared with the same printed on black on white.

COLOR COMBINATION	COMPREHENSION LEVEL		
	GOOD%	FAIR%	POOR%
Text printed black on white	70	19	11
Text printed white on black	0	12	88
Text printed white on PMS 259 (Purple)	2	16	82
Text printed white on PMS 286 (Royal Blue)	0	4	96

SERIF VS. SANS SERIF FONTS

Serifs are semi-structural details or small decorative flourishes on the ends of some of the strokes that make up letters and symbols. An example would be the $Times\ New\ Roman$ font. Sans serif does not have these details or flourishes. An example would be the Arial font.





IMPACT

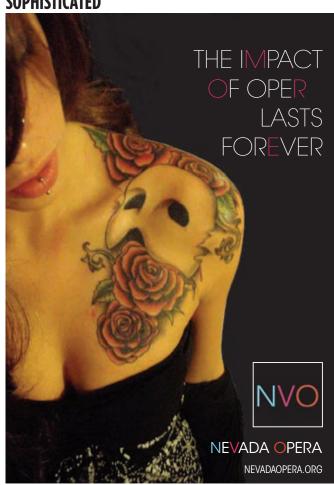
SETTING THE RIGHT TONE

An ad can include all of the 'criteria' it takes to be effective and still not leave and impression on the reader. Readers can be influenced greatly by the feeling or emotion they gather from an ad; setting the right tone is critical to presenting the proper message to the reader. Do you want them to laugh? Cry? Feel beautiful? By setting the tone, you're determining how you want the reader to feel when they look at the ad.

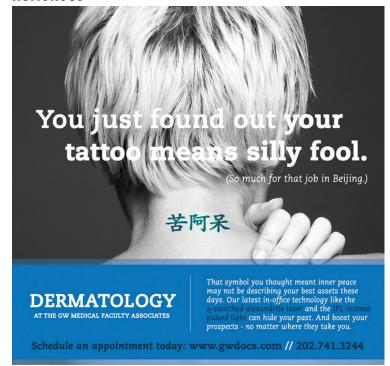
PLAYFUL



SOPHISTICATED



HUMOROUS



AD BUILD CATEGORIES

Selecting the proper ad build category when booking an ad helps get the ad building elements to the proper artists in a timely manner. The purpose is to match ad layout ability with ad build needs. This helps monitor work flow and minimize back and forth between account managers and creative teams.

MAJOR BUILD (needs detailed creative brief)

Major builds can be for new customers, target accounts, marketing campaigns, new proposals, high-profile specs, branding development, and complex new builds.

MAIN BUILD (needs creative brief)

Usually a medium to large new ad build or standard specs.

MINOR BUILD (meets effective advertisement criteria)

These tend to be small to medium builds, pickups with changes, resizes or digital ready agency ads.







Minor Build Major Build Major Build

10 RULES OF COPY WRITING

- **1.** ALWAYS FOCUS ON THE READER
- **2.** KNOW THE TARGET AUDIENCE
- **3.** UNDERSTAND THE PRODUCT OR SERVICE
- 4. USE THE UNIQUE SELLING POSITION
- **5.** Write benefit-orientated copy
- 6. HAVE A SUBJECT (you) AND A VERB (action)
- 7. CONNECT EMOTIONALLY
- **8.** use offers that sell
- <u>9. tell the reader what to do</u>
- 10. PROMOTE THE BUSINESS NAME



EFFECTIVE AD CHECKLIST



CLEAR MESSAGE

Targeted to a specific audience, reader gets what the ad is about in one second or less



ATTENTION - GRABBING HEADLINE

Benefits-orientated, focusing on the reader



INCENTIVE

Give the reader a reason to respond



CALL TO ACTION

What should the reader do next; with sense of urgency



CLEAN LAYOUT

Appropriate imagery, clean design and copy treatment, reader eye-path



IMPACT

Solicits strong feelings, desire or interest toward product or service